Group 2: Studies - students

•Don't know what surveying is!

Austrian student lucky to find/choose?! Turkey/Egypt don't choose!

- •AGE: Mostly younger (straight out of high school students). In US/UK/Australia small % of older students (10-20%) changing careers or seeking qualification
- •Younger students in US/UK sometimes on scholarships. More interested in uni lifestyle will choose a uni/location for lifestyle over degree.
- •Older students more likely to work, more serious.

Language of lectures

Generally language of lectures is native language, with many texts in English.

Growing acknowledgement that English is the technical/working language



Group 2: Studies - Bologna

•Will Bologna process cross the globe?

Implemented in EU, ongoing process; Egypt to take up?
Implemented in Melbourne, Australia ... but US/UK have 4 year Bachelor
•UK students study one extra year under Bologna

- •Some resistance (isolated?) from national bodies relating to accreditation of bachelor degree (is the bachelor degree useful.
- •Concern about the need for students to complete the bachelor in it's entirety prior to beginning masters ..
- – also currently no job market in EU for bachelors...this should develop
- •Need to change more than just university education: need to look at changing secondary education and opening up the workplace following education also.

Group 2: Studies: inter-discipline

- •Australia the only university/course to offer **double degrees** students come out with two degrees (eg. with Law, Arts, Science, etc.)
- •US/UK offer joint degree in surveying & civil eng. only.
- •Austria overlap with informatics, but Master in related (eg. Planning or architecture)
- •In Europe a double degree = two degrees in the same discipline, but from universities in two different countries. Some opportunities to study part-time and/or by distance.
- •US and Australia many core subjects (eg. Maths) taught by nonsurveying faculties in contrast to EU.

E-learning

- Access to equipment. Eg. Jamaican students liaise with Australia via video-conference to learn about 3D laser scanning. See without touching.
- Networking with teachers/students
- Networking internationally

Group 2: Studies – travel

- •Paris recently implemented compulsory student exchange during studies (~3months)
- •India also compulsory exchange?
- •Consensus that Bologna will further enable exchange, but financial support essential
- •Consensus that student travel and exchange essential for 'softskill' development and general improvement in understanding
- •Increase focus on basic skills, learn softskills externally....

Group 2: Studies: Costs

•EU tend to pay per semester, UK per year, US and Australia per subject.
Spain per subject, incremental if you fail!!!



- •US very expensive! Australia and UK quite expensive. Some subsidies/scholarships. **EU very cheap!**
- •EU study cheap for a limited period of time (7 years?)
- •High levels of **student debt** in UK and US
- •Students in Australia generally work part time (from 8-20hours per week during course time)
- •Other nationalities likely to work only during summer break

Group 2: VISION

Bologna: Transparency ✓

International integration ✓

Mobility an important outcome ✓

Funding (eg. Erasmus) ✓

Recognition Bologna will take time

Future implementation of e-learning?

Concerns about the emphasis on softskills – should not be the focus over basic essentials (eg. Maths) x

Emphasis should be on New methods of knowledge transfer

Gap year useful to provide a new outlook on career

