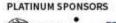




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"Geospatial Information for a Smarter Life and Environmental Resilience"



Geospatial Information to Support Real Estate Valuation

Winrich VOSS and Keno BAKKER, Germany (Paper 9991)

Leibniz University Hannover
Chair of Land and Real Estate Management











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Structure

- Background and Aim of research approach
- Model of automated determination of site quality / location quality
- Available geodata, weighting approach and quality rating
- Results and validation









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Background

- Strong increase of property prices, esp. of land prices
- Scarceness of / demand for more reliable land market data
- Supporting Standard Ground Value detection in locations with less market activity (improving market transparency)
- Availability of geodata (e. g. open data initiatives, INSPIRE initiative of EU)

Aim

- Automated detection of site quality / location quality by using free available geodata
- Comparability of locations at cross-regional level









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Detection of property-related location quality due to geodata



- Residential locations
- Office locations

- Retail locations
- Logistic locations

Calculation of location quality for different spatial levels

- Automated (by GIS)
- High resolution (500 x 500 m²)
- Updating periodically
- Objective and market-orientated

Application of location quality for supporting market analysis and valuation









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Available

Steps to detect location quality

Geodata

Provision of geodata

Location factors

Spatial mapping of factors

Impact of factors on land values (weighting)

> Spatial resolution of location quality

Describing location factors with available geodata

> Evaluation of importance of factors for location quality

Quality of location









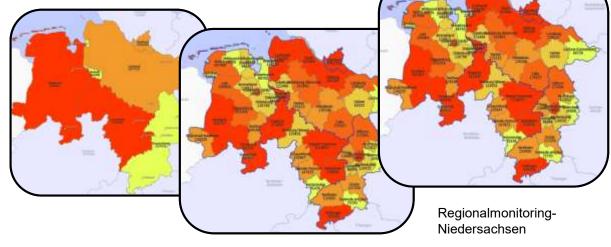
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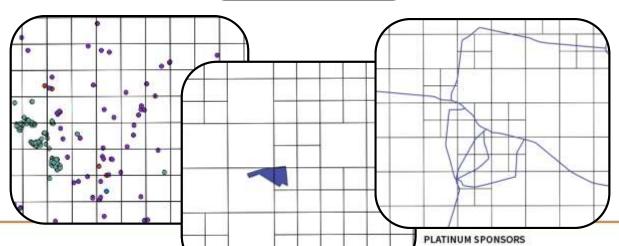
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Differentiation of location factors

- Macro location (indicators selected by expert questioning)
- Micro location (indicators selected by expert questioning)

















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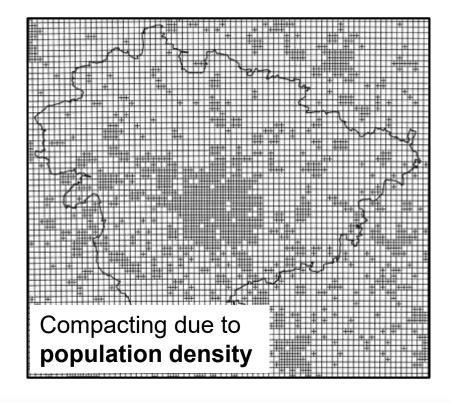




Two spatial levels of resolution

by INSPIRE Equal Area Grid

- Standard area grid:1000 m x 1000 m
- Compacted area grid:500 m x 500 m in urbanizedstructures
- Open source GIS solution













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Relevant indicators to determine macro-location quality:

Type of land/ property:

Residential

Spatial Level:

Macro level

Number of selected indicators:

15 Indicators

Necessary geodata:

35 datasets

Location factors	Geodata sets
Population	Number, density, age distribution of population
Employment	(Un-)employment rate, number of unemployed
Economic performance	GDP, change of GDP
Spending capacity of households	Available income, change of income
Recreational value	Proportion of recreational area, change of area
etc., etc.	











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Relevant indicators to determine micro-location quality:

Type of land/ property:

Residential

Spatial Level:

Micro level

Number of selected indicators:

15 Indicators

Necessary geodata:

24 datasets

Location factors	Geodata sets
Distance to next town center	Distance per grid to large and medium-size town
Vacancy rate	Vacancy rate
Distance to kindergarden	Location of kindergardens
Impact of noise pollution	Road, train and aircraft noise
Broadband access	Quality of broadband
Distance to nature	Public park, waters, forest, preserve areas
etc., etc.	

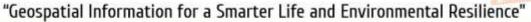








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<u>Impact of location factors on land values (weighting):</u>

- Method: Expert questioning by priority analysis (factor by factor)
- Summarized expert opinions

			hat im Vergleich zu diesem						
		Α	В	c	D	E	F	G	
	Α		0	0	1	2	0	1	
į	В	2		2	2	1	0	0	
kato	С	2	0		1	1	2	0	
Dieser Indikator	D	1	0	1		0	0	1	
eser	E	0	1	1	2		0	0	
فَ	F	2	2	0	2	2		2	
	G	1	2	2	1	2	0		

We	ighting (total)	Weighting (%)
	4	10%
	7	17%
	6	14%
	3	7 %
	4	10%
	10	24%
	8	19%
	42	100%

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Evaluation of importance



due to location quality:

Macro-location

Micro-location

Boxplot

Example: Proportion of unemployed people [%]

Evaluation

- 3 (above-average) < 3,3 %
- 2 (average) ≥ 3,3 % / ≤ 5,5 %

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1 (below-average) > 5,5 %





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Evaluation of importance



due to location quality:

Macro-location



Micro-location

Distance classification (m)

		Dista	iice ciassilicatioi	1 (111)
Location factors	POI	1	2	3
Distance to high-voltage lines	Pylon	< 500	500 - 2.000	> 2.000
Distance to educational institutions	Primary school	> 2.000	1.000 - 2.000	< 1.000
	Secondary school	> 5.000	2.000 - 5.000	< 2.000
Distance to medical institutions	Medical specialist	> 5.000	2.000 - 5.000	< 2.000
Distance to medical institutions	Hospital	> 10.000	5.000 - 10.000	< 5.000





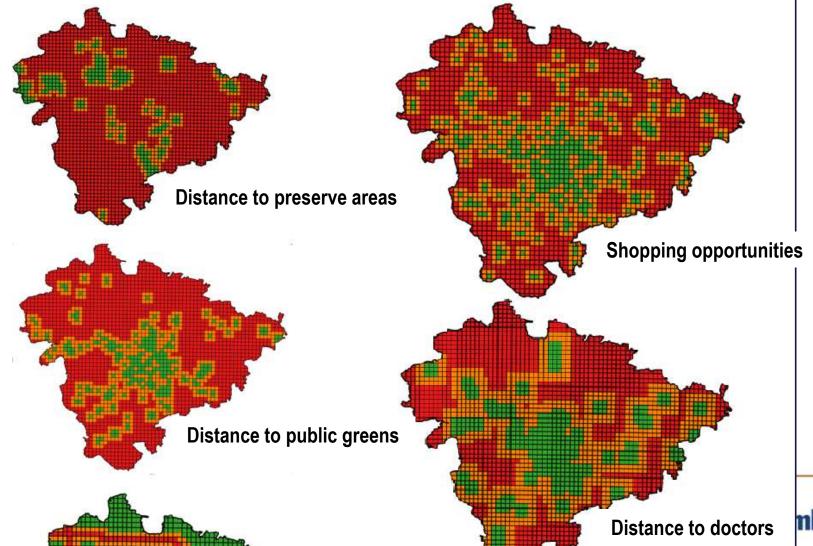






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Summation of importance of location factors:

- Using the evaluation and weighting of location factors
- Summation represents the location quality of an area relativly to all other areas

Macro-location:

Calculation of location quality

	Faktor 1 Weighting 10%		Faktor 2 17%		Faktor 3				
Weighting									
	Evaluat ;	Sum	Evaluat	Sum	Evaluat ;	Sum			Location quality
Municipality 1	1		3		3				
Municipality 2	3	30	2	34	1	14			78
Municipality 3	2	20	2	34	1	14			68











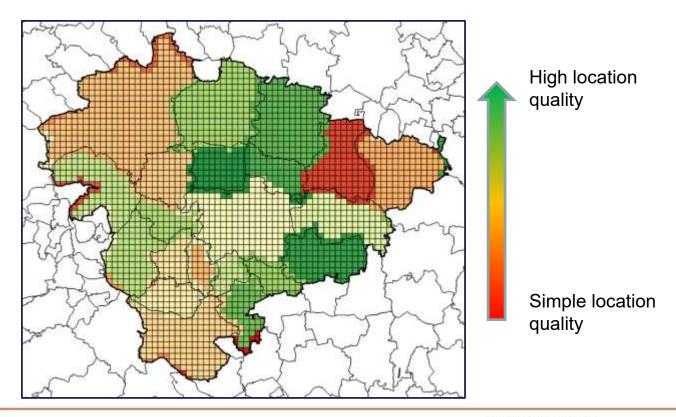
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Example : Results for 21 Municipalities of Hannover region

Macro-location:













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Example: Results for 21 Municipalities of Hannover region

Combination of macro-location (20 %) and micro-location (80 %):

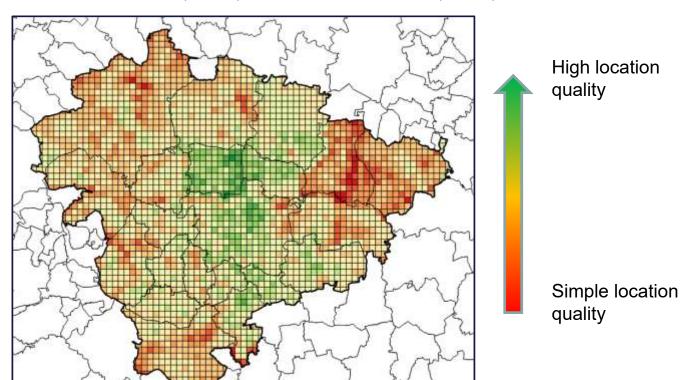










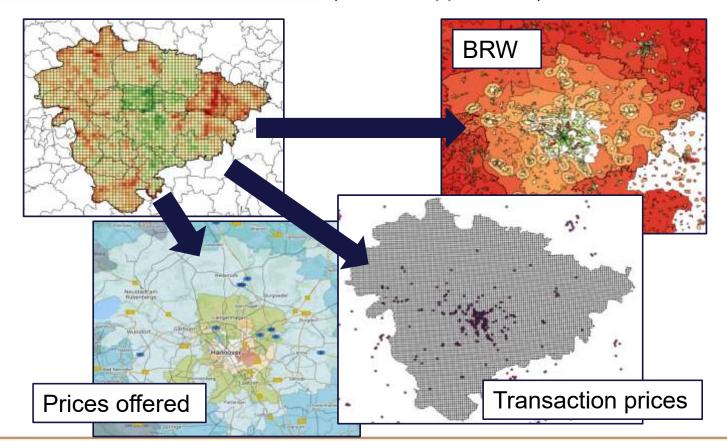


FIG WORKING WEEK 2019 Validierung des Modells





Validation of the model due to market results (different approaches)













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Results - Conclusions

- Automated tool to compare locations at local, regional and supra-regional level (implemented for Lower Sax.)
- Applications in valuation and market analysis
 - NO substitute for valuation!
 - Selection of comparable locations and comparable transactions
 - Plausibilisation of land values
 - Additional information in regions with few transactions
- Methodology is important, system is extendable
 - Automated = short-term updating with small ressources, free geodata
 - More detailed geodata available → more detailed grid is possible
- Tool still in progress, not yet finalized









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Thank you for your kind attention

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